

Pioneer Valley MCD Weekly Report

EPI Week 29

Week Ending: July 20, 2024

Surveillance Summary

| EPI Week 29 Target Species Surveillance Summary | | | | | Cumulative Totals: EPI Weeks 24-29 | | | |
|---|-------------|-------|------|-------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Species | # Collected | Pools | WNV+ | EEEV+ | Cumulative Specimens | Cumulative Pools | Cumulative WNV+ | Cumulative EEEV+ |
| <i>Cx. pipiens/restuans</i> | 40 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1161 | 41 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Cs. melanura</i> | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Cq. perturbans</i> | 877 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 14982 | 134 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Oc. canadensis</i> | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 556 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Oc. japonicus</i> | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 357 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Cx. salinarius</i> | 86 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 549 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Ae. albopictus</i> | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Ps. ferox</i> | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 234 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>An. quadrimaculatus</i> | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 515 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Ae. vexans</i> | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

Positive Samples

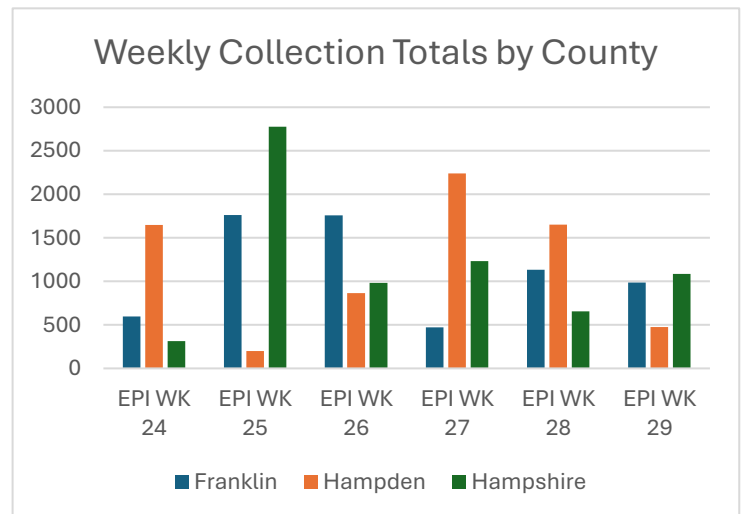
- Apart from the WNV positive pool of *Cx. salinarius* reported in East Longmeadow at the beginning of EPI week 29, there were no additional arboviruses detected during EPI week 29 in Pioneer Valley.

Most Abundant Species

- Cq. perturbans* were the most abundant vector species collected during EPI week 29, totaling 1867 specimens. *Perturbans* collections are down by 33% from the previous week and are expected to remain relatively stable or decrease during the coming weeks. *Cq. perturbans* are a bridge vector for EEE and WNV and can be found in permanent swamps with emergent vegetation (e.g. cattails and hummocks/tussocks). *Cq. perturbans* are aggressive human biters that can fly up to 5 miles for a blood meal and are active during the night.

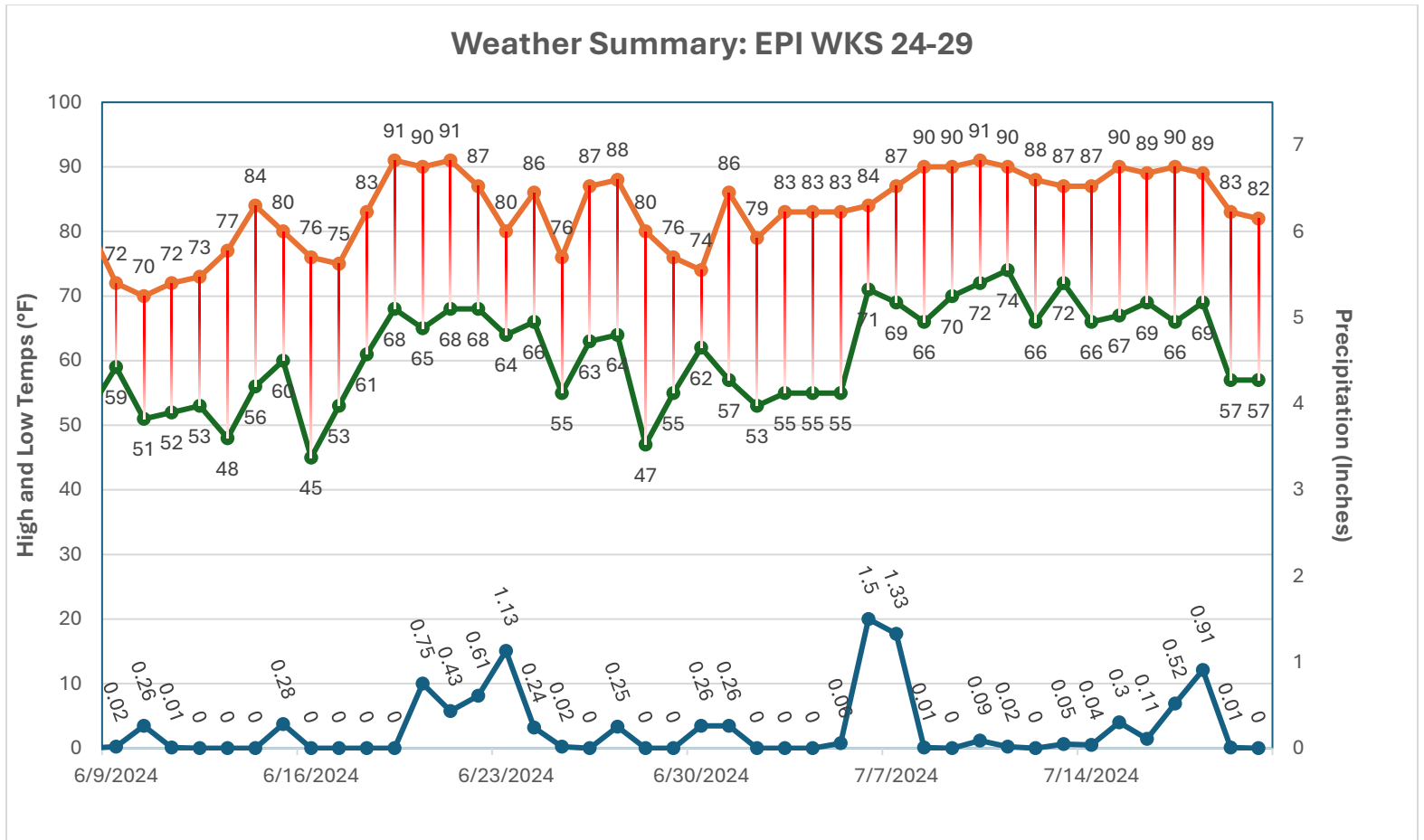
EPI WK 29 Summary by County

- Franklin County
 - EPI WK 29 Pools Tested: 25
 - Positive Samples: 0
 - Most Abundant Species: *Cq. perturbans* (704)
 - Total Mosquitoes Collected: 988
- Hampden County
 - EPI WK 29 Pools Tested: 15
 - Positive Samples: 0
 - Most Abundant Species: *Cq. perturbans* (286)
 - Total Mosquitoes Collected: 475
- Hampshire County
 - EPI WK 29 Pools Tested: 20
 - Positive Samples: 0
 - Most Abundant Species: *Cq. perturbans* (877)
 - Total Mosquitoes Collected: 1084



- Total Mosquitoes Collected (All Counties): 2547
- Total Pools Submitted for Testing (All Counties): 59

Weather Data



Weather Summary

- Weather conditions remained favorable for mosquitoes during EPI week 29. There was a total of 2,547 mosquitoes collected during EPI week 29 (-26%). Due to specific species phenology (seasonal abundance) and weather conditions, it is expected that mosquito collection totals will continue to decrease slightly or remain relatively stable.

Weekly Changes

| Station | Name | EPI Week | PRCP Total (in.) | TMAX AVG (°F) | TMIN AVG (°F) |
|-------------|----------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 24 | 0.57 | 75.43 | 54.14 |
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 25 | 1.79 (+214%) | 84.71 (+12%) | 61.14 (+13%) |
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 26 | 1.64 (-8%) | 81.86 (-3%) | 59.14 (-3%) |
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 27 | 2.08 (+28%) | 81.71 (no change) | 58.29 (+1%) |
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 28 | 1.5 (-28%) | 89 (+9%) | 69.9 (+20%) |
| USC00190120 | AMHERST, MA US | 29 | 1.89 (+26%) | 87.14 (-2%) | 64.43 (-8%) |

Arbovirus Detections as of 7/26/24

| Collection Date | Town | Species | Pool Size | County | Virus |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-------|
| 6/25/2024 | Quincy | Culex pipiens/restuans | 36 | Norfolk | WNV |
| 6/25/2024 | Quincy | Culex pipiens/restuans | 25 | Norfolk | WNV |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 34 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/1/2024 | Carver | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/2/2024 | Rockland | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/8/2024 | Kingston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/8/2024 | Halifax | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/9/2024 | Raynham | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/9/2024 | Blackstone | Culex pipiens/restuans | 24 | Worcester | WNV |
| 7/9/2024 | Edgartown | Culex pipiens/restuans | 22 | Dukes | WNV |
| 7/9/2024 | Cambridge | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Middlesex | WNV |
| 7/9/2024 | Hanson | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/11/2024 | Clinton | Culex pipiens/restuans | 20 | Worcester | WNV |
| 7/11/2024 | Natick | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Middlesex | WNV |
| 7/15/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/15/2024 | East Longmeadow | Culex salinarius | 5 | Hampden | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Dracut | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Middlesex | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Wayland | Culex pipiens/restuans | 34 | Middlesex | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Middleborough | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Middleborough | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Scituate | Culex pipiens/restuans | 49 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/16/2024 | Pembroke | Culex pipiens/restuans | 31 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/17/2024 | Fairhaven | Culex pipiens/restuans | 22 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/17/2024 | Dartmouth | Culex pipiens/restuans | 37 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/18/2024 | Seekonk | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/18/2024 | Seekonk | Culiseta melanura | 31 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/19/2024 | Richmond | Culex pipiens/restuans | 21 | Berkshire | WNV |
| 7/19/2024 | Attleboro | Culex pipiens/restuans | 23 | Bristol | WNV |
| 7/19/2024 | Worcester | Culex pipiens/restuans | 19 | Worcester | WNV |
| 7/19/2024 | Worcester | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Worcester | WNV |
| 7/19/2024 | Marlborough | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Middlesex | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Haverhill | Culex pipiens | 50 | Essex | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Haverhill | Culex pipiens | 50 | Essex | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Haverhill | Culex pipiens | 41 | Essex | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Brookline | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Norfolk | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Kingston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 37 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/22/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/22/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/22/2024 | Carver | Culiseta melanura | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/22/2024 | Carver | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/22/2024 | Carver | Coquillettidia perturbans | 50 | Plymouth | EEE |
| 7/23/2024 | Barnstable | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Barnstable | EEE |
| 7/23/2024 | Abington | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Abington | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Abington | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Brockton | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
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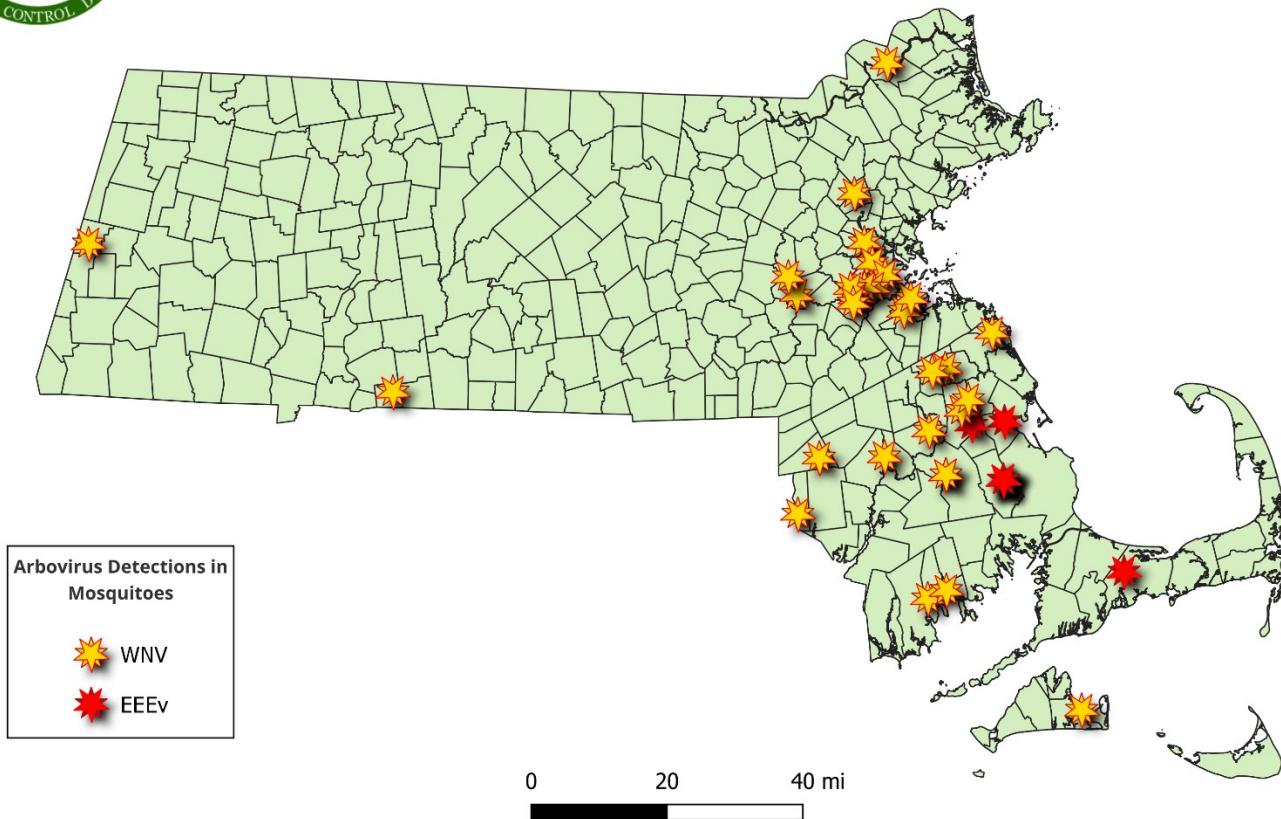
| | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------|----|-----------|-----|
| 7/23/2024 | Brockton | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Bridgewater | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Plymouth | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 37 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Ochlerotatus japonicus | 9 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 41 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 19 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 28 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/23/2024 | Boston | Culex pipiens/restuans | 39 | Suffolk | WNV |
| 7/24/2024 | Woburn | Culex pipiens/restuans | 50 | Middlesex | WNV |

Arbovirus Summary as of 7/26/24

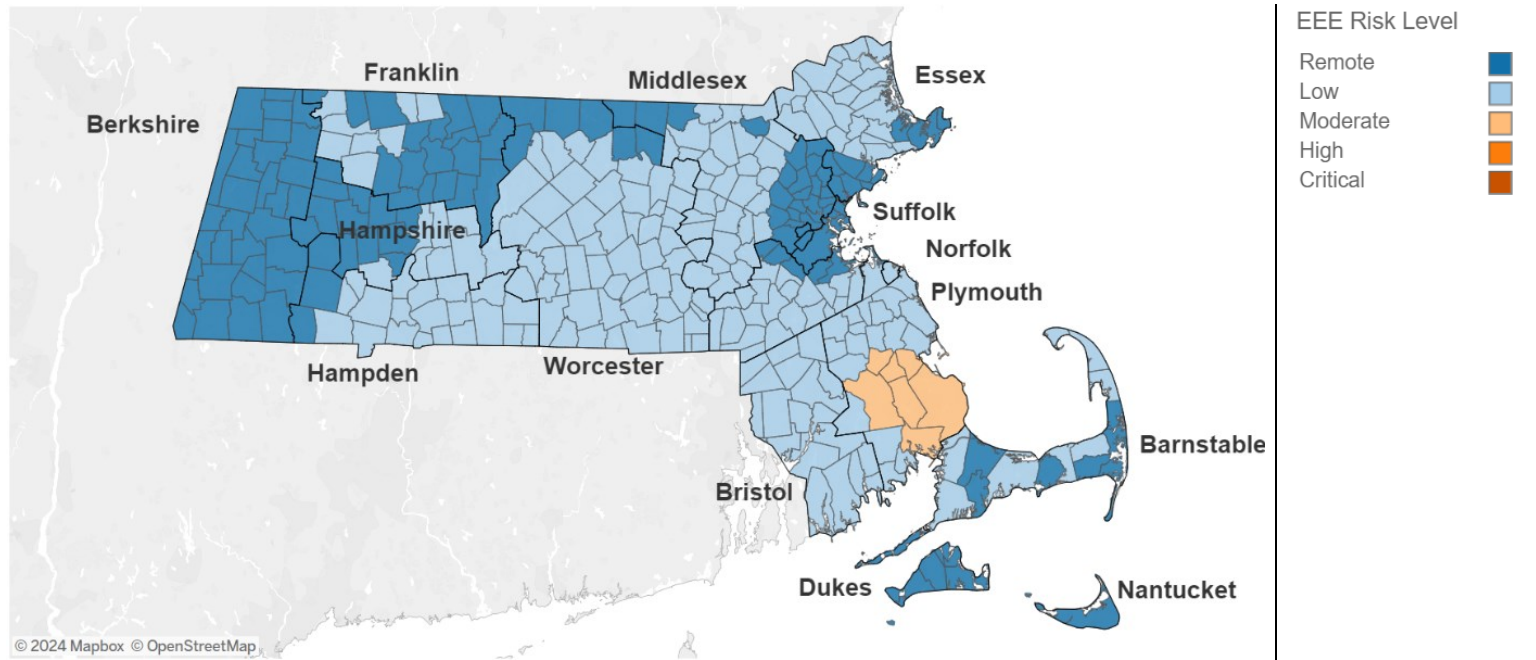
| Virus | Positive Mosquito Samples | Animal Cases | Human Cases |
|-------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| EEEv | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| WNV | 48 | 0 | 0 |



Arbovirus Map: Positive Mosquito Pools as of 7/26/24



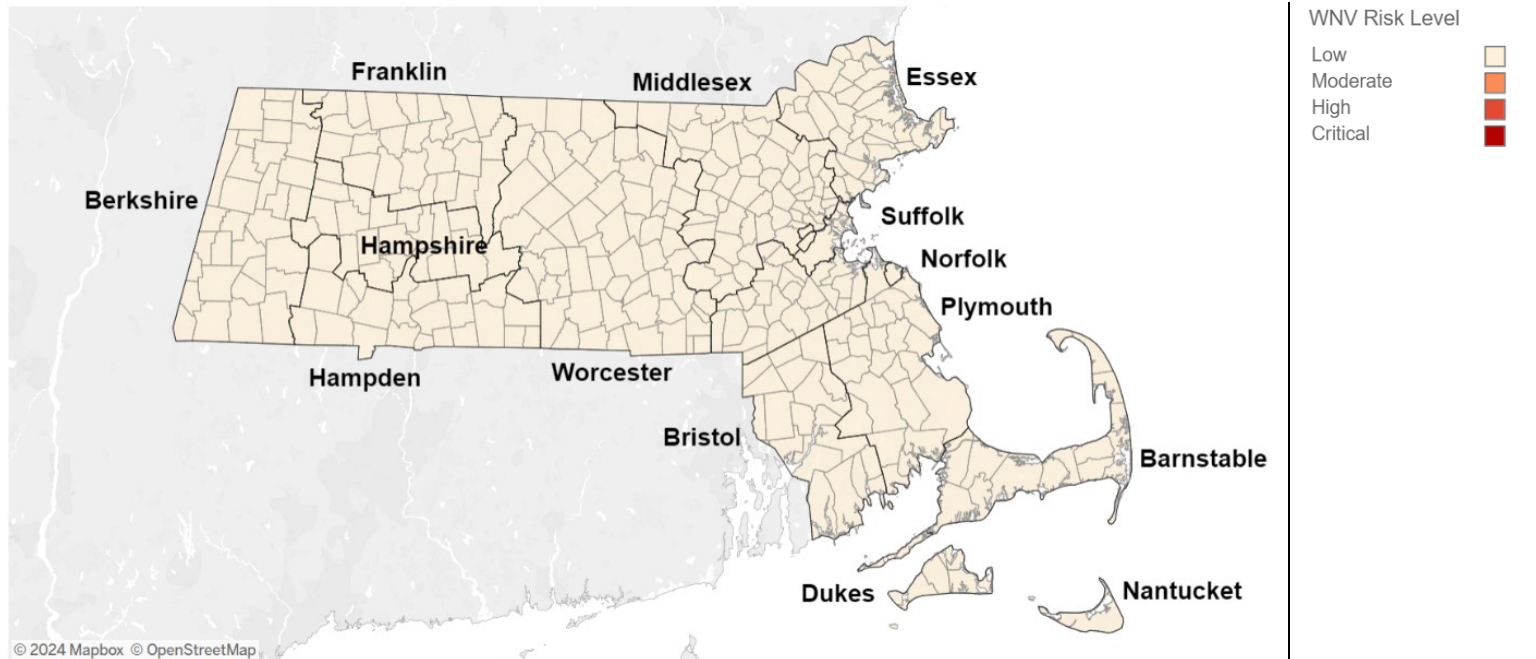
EEE Impacted Areas



Recent detections of EEEV in mosquitoes has resulted in a risk level change to “Moderate” in the following communities: Carver, Halifax, Kingston, Middleborough, Plymouth, Plympton, and Wareham.

Current EEE Risk Map from: <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/massachusetts-arbovirus-update>

WNV Impacted Areas



There were no recent changes to the WNV risk map.

Current WNV Risk Map From: <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/massachusetts-arbovirus-update>

Dengue Fever in Massachusetts (acquired through travel)

- According to the CDC, there have been a total of 64 human cases of dengue in Massachusetts, as of 7/26/24. There have been no local transmissions of dengue in Massachusetts.
- Dengue transmission typically occurs in the following regions: the Caribbean, Central America, South America, Southeast Asia, and the Pacific Islands.
- Dengue is spread through a human-to-mosquito-to-human cycle.
- Onset is up to two weeks with illness lasting 2-7 days. Transmission to mosquitoes is possible for up to 12 days.
- Symptoms include:
 - Fever
 - Nausea and vomiting
 - Rash
 - Aches and pains
 - Joint and muscle pain
 - Pressure and pain around the eye sockets
 - Headache

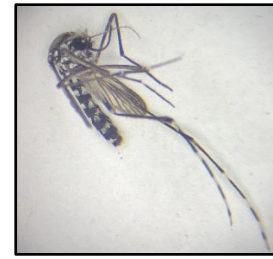
WNV and EEE Symptoms Chart

| Disease | Onset | Symptoms | |
|------------|---------------------|--|---|
| WNV | 2 to 14 Days | Febrile Illness | Neuroinvasive Disease |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fever • Muscle aches • Joint Pain • Fatigue • Rash | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stiff neck • Muscle Tremors • Seizures • Changes in vision • Weakness or paralysis |
| EEE | 4 to 10 Days | Febrile Illness | Neuroinvasive Disease |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fever • Muscle aches • Joint pain • Chills | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fever • Headache • Seizures • Behavioral changes • Vomiting • Diarrhea • Coma |

Southern Mosquito Species Found in MA

Because of a changing climate, mosquito populations are shifting, and species that were once confined to southern states are now appearing in New England. For instance, the mosquitoes that carry dengue fever, such as *Aedes albopictus*, are now regularly found in Massachusetts. Climate change is creating unusually balmy conditions and helping to expand the range of mosquito-borne diseases.

Just this past week, PVMCD collected 5 *Psorophera columbiae*, a mosquito that has never been documented in Massachusetts. In addition, PVMCD collected a total of 149 *Culex erraticus*. This is another southern mosquito species that is not typically found in Massachusetts. Since 2007, only 64 *Cx. erraticus* have been reported in the state. These findings underscore the importance of ongoing mosquito surveillance and the need for continued research to understand the changing distribution patterns of mosquito species in Massachusetts.



Ae. albopictus



Ps. columbiae



Cx. erraticus

PE Poster Printouts and Helpful Links

- [Mosquito Bite Prevention Poster](#)
- [EEE Transmission Cycle Poster](#)
- [WNV Transmission Cycle Poster](#)
- [Dengue Virus Transmission Cycle Poster](#)
- [CDC Dengue Fever Information](#)
- DPH Mosquito PE Materials: <https://www.mass.gov/lists/mosquito-borne-disease-educational-materials>
- CDC Press Kit: <https://www.cdc.gov/mosquitoes/communication-resources/press-kit-mosquitoes.html>
- DPH Tick PE Materials: <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/tick-borne-educational-materials>

Recommended Messaging

- Use EPA approved bug-repellent
- Cover skin/wear long sleeves and pants
- Avoid outdoor activities during peak mosquito times (between dusk and dawn)
- Repair window screens
- Containers in yards with standing water should be emptied to reduce mosquito breeding

DPH Arbovirus Toolkit: <https://www.mass.gov/lists/arbovirus-information-for-local-boards-of-health#toolkit->

DPH Arbovirus Response Plan: <https://www.mass.gov/doc/2024-arbovirus-surveillance-and-response-plan/download>

Questions/Comments: Please email John Briggs, the District Director, at john.c.briggs@mass.gov.



PIONEER VALLEY MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT

FIGHT THE BITE

AND HELP PREVENT THE SPREAD OF MOSQUITO BORNE DISEASES



USE REPELLENT

Be sure to apply EPA approved insect repellents containing plant based eucalyptus or DEET when outdoors.



AVOID DUSK AND DAWN

Most mosquito species are very active at dusk and dawn. Avoid engaging in outdoor activities during these times whenever possible.



WEAR PROPER CLOTHING

Wearing long-sleeves and pants will significantly help reduce mosquito bites.



PREVENT ARTIFICIAL HABITAT

Buckets, plant pots, kiddie pools, tire swings, and anything that holds water should be emptied to prevent mosquito habitat.



FIX DOORS AND WINDOWS

Screens with holes should be repaired and be sure that all doors and windows are working properly to keep the mosquitoes out.



FIRST AID FOR BITES

Wash bite with soap and water and apply anti-itch cream. If necessary, apply a cold cloth to reduce swelling.

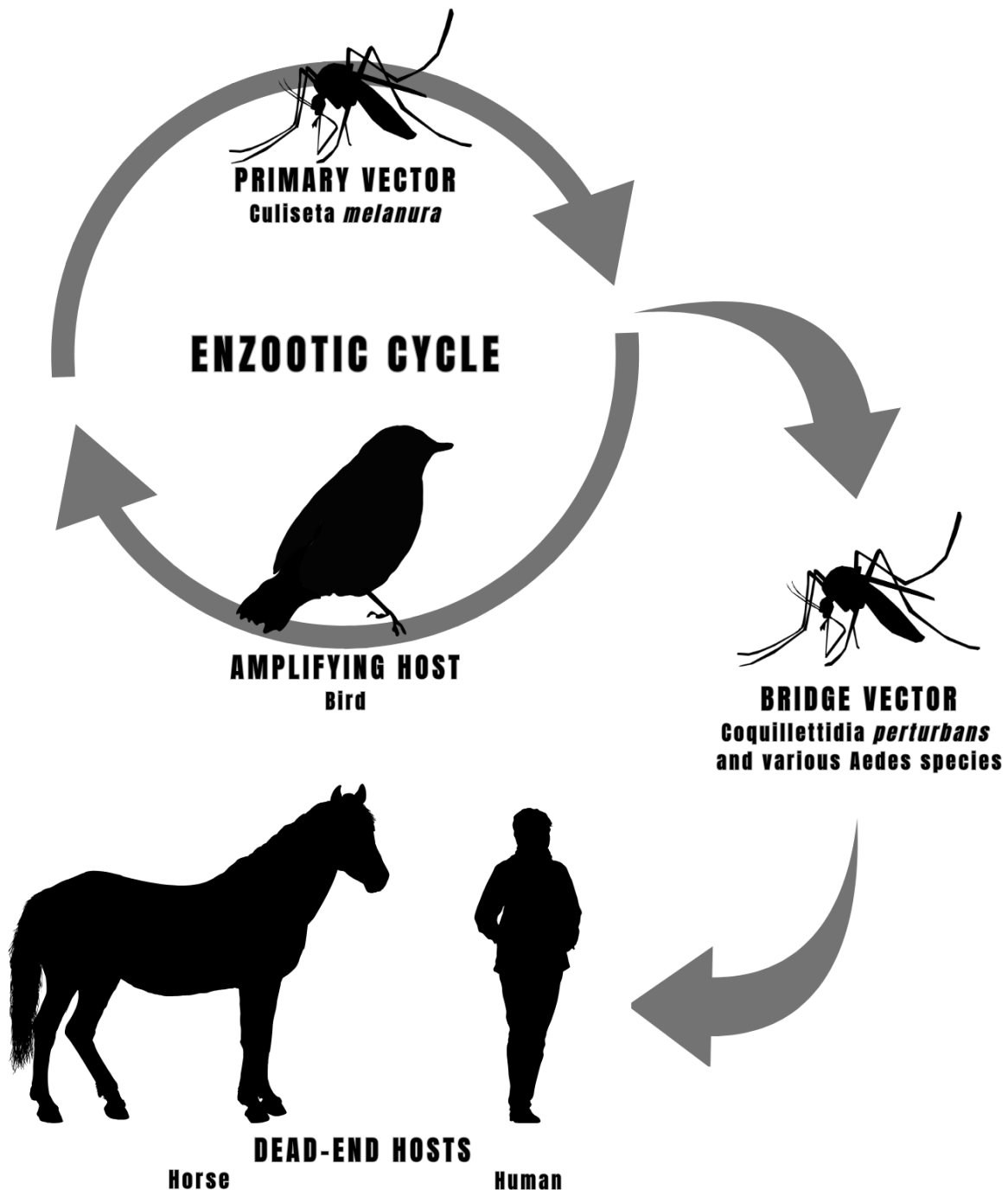
Email: john.c.briggs@mass.gov

Web: mass.gov/info-details/pioneer-valley-mosquito-control-district-pvmcd



PIONEER VALLEY MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT

EASTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS TRANSMISSION CYCLE



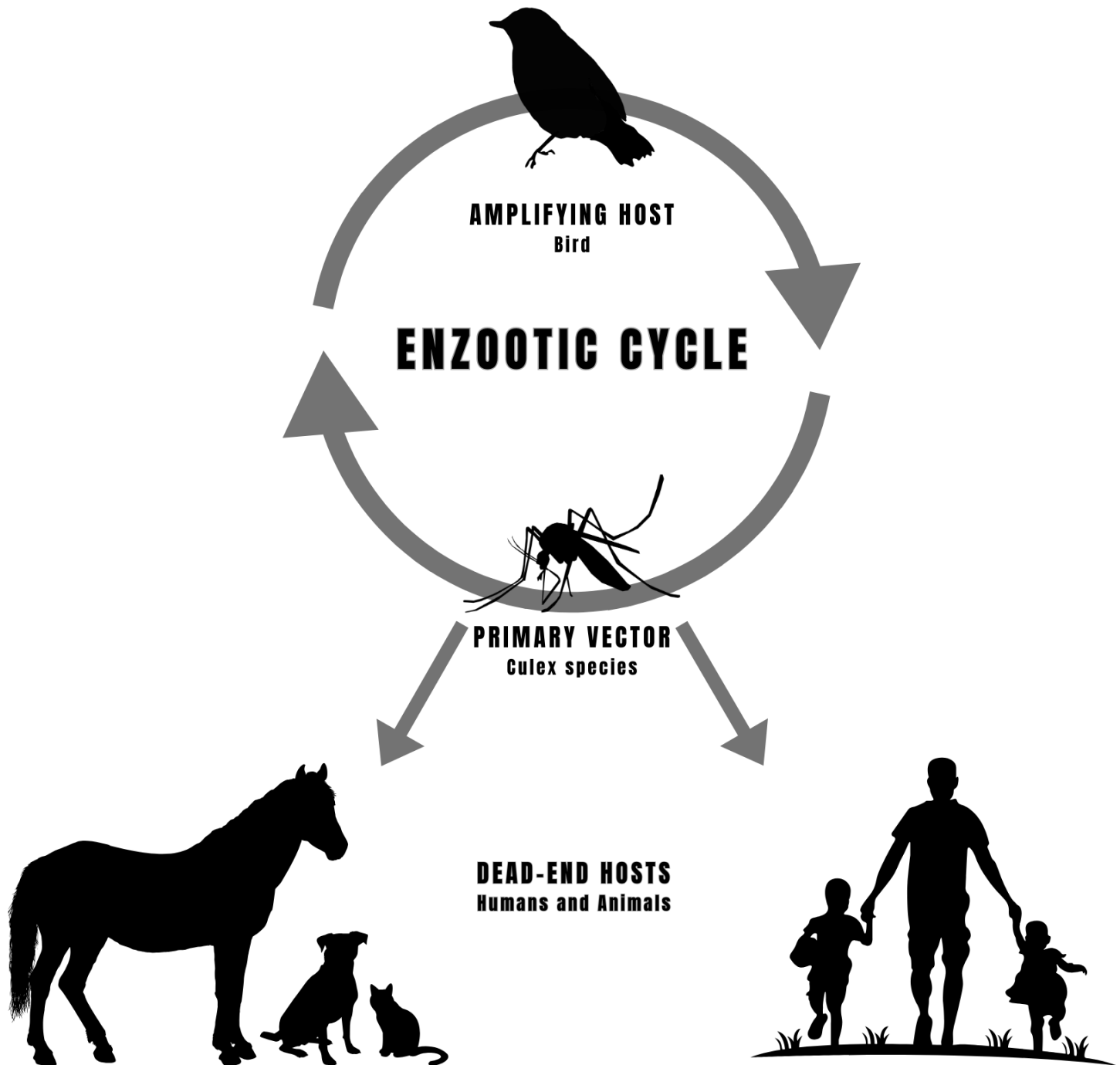
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PIONEER VALLEY MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT

WEST NILE VIRUS TRANSMISSION CYCLE



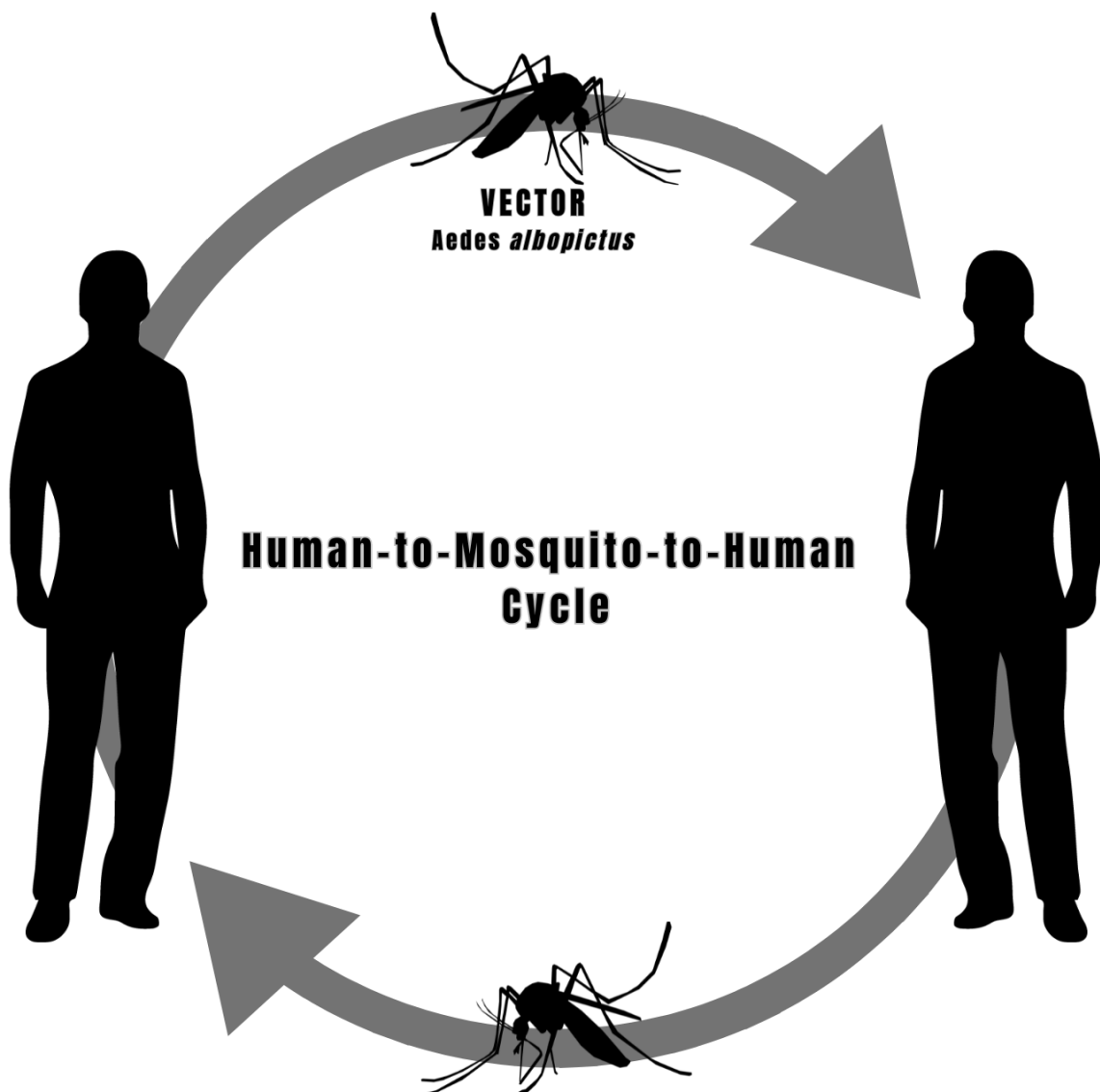
Email: john.c.briggs@mass.gov

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PIONEER VALLEY MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT

DENGUE VIRUS TRANSMISSION CYCLE



Email: john.c.briggs@mass.gov

Web: mass.gov/info-details/pioneer-valley-mosquito-control-district-pvmcd